Workshop Nov 2016

MT at LSPs

MT

• Idealistic approach: Machines replacing linguists > money saver

Realistic approach: Productivity booster > money saver

To MT or not to MT at LSP

MT operates with: LSP operates with:

repetitive content

MT-friendly domain

MT-friendly text type

simple/authored language

single client/product

big data

questionable data security

random projects

multiple domains

multiple text types

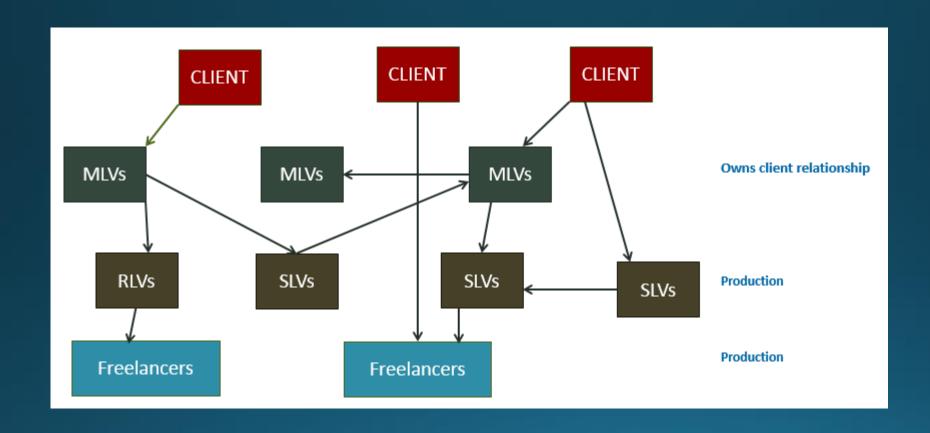
not unified/unauthored languages

multiple clients/products

questionable data ownership

non-disclosure agreements

LSPs: Subcontracting



LSPs: Survival of the fittest

• Big agenda:

Cutting delivery times Increasing translation volumes

• Bigger agenda:

Money

Technology

Translation productivity technology

- Content profiling
- TM and MT working together
- Automating and adapting intelligent solutions
- Putting translators first

MT at LSPs

Reality:

- Little engine customisation (no time and money)
 - MT trained peridically
- Projects pretranslated with TM and MT
- MT estimates separate from TM fuzzy matches' estimates
- MT overshadowing high TM fuzzy matches in translation suggestions

Daydreaming:

- Full MT customisation: verticaland client-specific engines
- MT learning on the go (real-time)
- MT included in interactive translation prediction
- MT ranked relative to TM fuzzy matches' estimates
- MT used to repair TM fuzzy matchs

MT ownership at LSPs

- End-client MT
- Client MT
- Internal MT
- Freelance translators and (public) MT

MT ethics at LSPs

- Data to build MT engines
- Data sent for machine translation
- Non-disclosure agreements and (unauthorised) use of (public) MT
- MTPE rates
- MT evaluation
- Translator MTPE skills

MT projects at LSPs

- MT and TM mixed
- MTPE projects (degrees of post-editing of raw MT output)
- MT feedback (separate from revision)
- MT evaluation

MT pricing at LSPs

Clients

Right to renegotiate MTPE rates depending on MT feedback and tracking post-editing distance and time

Translators

Dynamic pricing depending on translation quality (tracking postediting distance and time) and client requirements.

MT challenges

Bad MT:

operational and translation errors

unsuitable project content

uncontrolled use/longer review cycle

MT-agnostic translators

manually collected stats

goodwill affected/liability costs

Good MT:

operability, quick fixes

MT-friendly content

controlled use

skilled post-editors

automated metrics

profitability

MT strategy for LSPs

- Analyse LSP's resources and budget
- Select MT system
- Build engines
- Maintain engines
- Create MT & MTPE workflows in CAT tools
- Train MT users and develop their MTPE working knowledge
- Measure productivity

MTPE strategy for LSPs

- Post-editing recognised as a translation skill
- Previous post-editing experience scored in translator database
- LSPs investing in translator MTPE training:
 - How to assess the quality of MT proposals quickly
 - How to adapt MT proposals quickly
 - Feedback for poorly MTPE-ed projects

Keep calm and use MT

Anna Norek an@stptrans.com